

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-17 (canceled)

18. (currently amended): A method of ~~In a wireless communication system, a method for~~ performing an extended algorithm (EA) with over-sampling, the method comprising:

(a) ~~the system~~ receiving a signal $\underline{r}^{(1)}$ at a first input and a channel impulse response $\underline{h}^{(1)}$ at a second input;

(b) zero padding the received signal $\underline{r}^{(1)}$ in the tail until the length of sequence achieves length L_m and denoting the extended sequence after zero padding as $\underline{r}_E^{(1)}$;

(c) zero padding the channel impulse response $\underline{h}^{(1)}$ in the tail until the length of the extended sequence achieves length L_m and denoting the extended sequence after zero padding as \underline{u}_1 ;

(d) performing a discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) or fast Fourier transform (FFT) on $\underline{r}_E^{(1)}$ such that $F(\underline{r}_E^{(1)})$;

(e) performing DFT or FFT on \underline{u}_1 such that $F(\underline{u}_1)$;

(f) conjugating $F(\underline{u}_1)$ such that $F(\underline{u}_1)^*$;

(g) multiplying the sequences $F(\underline{r}_E^{(1)})$ and $F(\underline{u}_1)^*$ such that $F(\underline{r}_E^{(1)}) \cdot F(\underline{u}_1)^*$, wherein for M sampled sequences, steps (b) - (g) are repeated for sampled sequences 2,...,M such that $F(\underline{r}_E^{(m)}) \cdot F(\underline{u}_m)^*$, $m = 2, \dots, M$.

19. (original): The method of claim 18, wherein all of the M sampled sequence results obtained in steps (b) - (g) are added element-to-element such that $\sum_{m=1}^M F(\underline{r}_E^{(m)}) \cdot F(\underline{u}_m)^*$, $M = 1, 2, \dots, M$.

20. (original): The method of claim 19 further comprising:

(h) generating a channel correlation vector \underline{g} using extended channel response sequences $\underline{u}_1, \dots, \underline{u}_M$ such that $\underline{g} = \sum_{m=1}^M \underline{g}^{(m)}$;

(i) performing DFT or FFT on channel correlation vector \underline{g} such that $F(\underline{g})$;

(j) dividing element-by-element the result in step (g) by the result in step (i)

such that $\frac{\sum_{m=1}^M F(\underline{r}_E^{(m)}) \cdot F(\underline{u}_m)^*}{F(\underline{g})}$;

(k) performing an inverse DFT or inverse FFT on the result of step (j)

such that $F^{-1}(\frac{\sum_{m=1}^M F(\underline{r}_E^{(m)}) \cdot F(\underline{u}_m)^*}{F(\underline{g})})$; and

(l) despreading the result of step (k) to obtain the estimated data symbols $\hat{\underline{d}}$.

Claims 21-23 (canceled)

24. (previously presented): A method of recovering data comprising:
computing a first column of a circulant matrix based on estimated channel
response and noise power;
decomposing a received vector circulant matrix in a fast Fourier transform
(FFT) domain;
decomposing a channel response circulant matrix in the fast FFT domain;
reconstructing a received signal vector resulting in an extended signal vector;
computing a composite spread signal vector; and
despreading the composite spread signal vector.

Claims 25-29 (canceled)

30. (new): A wireless transmit/receive unit (WTRU) configured to
perform the method of claim 18.

31. (new): A base station configured to perform the method of claim
18.

32. (new): A receiver configured to perform the method of claim 18.

33. (new): A wireless transmit/receive unit (WTRU) configured to
perform the method of claim 24.

34. (new): A base station configured to perform the method of claim
24.

35. (new): A receiver configured to perform the method of claim 24.